Chapter 4
APPLICATIONS, WAITING LIST AND TENANT SELECTION

INTRODUCTION
When a family wishes to receive assistance under the HCV program, the family must submit an application that provides the PHA with the information needed to determine the family’s eligibility. HUD requires the PHA to place all families that apply for assistance on a waiting list. When HCV assistance becomes available, the PHA must select families from the waiting list in accordance with HUD requirements and PHA policies as stated in the administrative plan and the annual plan.

The PHA is required to adopt clear policies and procedures for accepting applications, placing families on the waiting list, and selecting families from the waiting list, and must follow these policies and procedures consistently. The actual order in which families are selected from the waiting list can be affected if a family has certain characteristics designated by HUD or the PHA that justify their selection. Examples of this are the selection of families for income targeting and the selection of families that qualify for targeted funding.

HUD regulations require that all families have an equal opportunity to apply for and receive housing assistance, and that the PHA affirmatively further fair housing goals in the administration of the program [24 CFR 982.53, HCV GB p. 4-1]. Adherence to the selection policies described in this chapter ensures that the PHA will be in compliance with all relevant fair housing requirements, as described in Chapter 2.

This chapter describes HUD and OHA policies for taking applications, managing the waiting list and selecting families for HCV assistance. The policies outlined in this chapter are organized into three sections, as follows:

- **Part I: The Application Process.** This part provides an overview of the application process, and discusses how applicants can obtain and submit applications. It also specifies how the OHA will handle the applications it receives.

- **Part II: Managing the Waiting List.** This part presents the policies that govern how the OHA’s waiting list is structured, when it is opened and closed, and how the public is notified of the opportunity to apply for assistance. It also discusses the process the OHA will use to keep the waiting list current.

- **Part III: Selection for HCV Assistance.** This part describes the policies that guide the OHA in selecting families for HCV assistance as such assistance becomes available. It also specifies how in-person interviews will be used to ensure that the OHA has the information needed to make a final eligibility determination.
PART I: THE APPLICATION PROCESS

4-I.A. OVERVIEW

This part describes the OHA policies for making applications available, accepting applications making preliminary determinations of eligibility, and the placement of applicants on the waiting list. This part also describes the PHA’s obligation to ensure the accessibility of the application process to elderly persons, people with disabilities, and people with limited English proficiency (LEP).

4-I.B. APPLYING FOR ASSISTANCE [HCV GB, pp. 4-11 – 4-16, Notice PIH 2009-36]

Any family that wishes to receive HCV assistance must apply for admission to the program. HUD permits the OHA to determine the format and content of HCV applications, as well how such applications will be made available to interested families and how applications will be accepted by the OHA. The OHA must include Form HUD-92006, Supplement to Application for Federally Assisted Housing, as part of the PHA’s application.

OHA Policy

Depending upon the length of time that applicants may need to wait to receive assistance, the OHA may use a one- or two-step application process.

A one-step process will be used when it is expected that a family will be selected from the waiting list within 60 days of the date of application. At application, the family must provide all of the information necessary to establish family eligibility and level of assistance.

A two-step process will be used when it is expected that a family will not be selected from the waiting list for at least 60 days from the date of application. Under the two-step application process, the OHA initially will require families to provide only the information needed to make an initial assessment of the family’s eligibility, and to determine the family’s placement on the waiting list. The family will be required to provide all of the information necessary to establish family eligibility and level of assistance when the family is selected from the waiting list.

Families may apply in the manner prescribed in the OHA’s application notice. As a reasonable accommodation for persons with disabilities, families may also request – by telephone or by mail – that an application be mailed to them via first class mail.

Completed applications must be submitted on line. Applications must be complete in order to be accepted by the OHA for processing. If an application is incomplete, the OHA will reject the application.
4-I.C. ACCESSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATION PROCESS

Elderly and Disabled Populations [24 CFR 8 and HCV GB, pp. 4-11 – 4-13]

The OHA must take steps to ensure that the application process is accessible to those people who might have difficulty complying with the normal, standard PHA application process. This could include people with disabilities, certain elderly individuals, as well as persons with limited English proficiency (LEP). The PHA must provide reasonable accommodation to the needs of individuals with disabilities. The application-taking facility and the application process must be fully accessible, or the PHA must provide an alternate approach that provides full access to the application process. Chapter 2 provides a full discussion of the OHA’s policies related to providing reasonable accommodations for people with disabilities.

Limited English Proficiency

PHAs are required to take reasonable steps to ensure equal access to their programs and activities by persons with limited English proficiency [24 CFR 1]. Chapter 2 provides a full discussion on the OHA’s policies related to ensuring access to people with limited English proficiency (LEP).
4-I.D. PLACEMENT ON THE WAITING LIST

The PHA must review each complete application received and make a preliminary assessment of the family’s eligibility. The PHA must accept applications from families for whom the list is open unless there is good cause for not accepting the application (such as denial of assistance) for the grounds stated in the regulations [24 CFR 982.206(b)(2)]. Where the family is determined to be ineligible, the PHA must notify the family in writing [24 CFR 982.201(f)]. Where the family is not determined to be ineligible, the family will be placed on a waiting list of applicants.

No applicant has a right or entitlement to be listed on the waiting list, or to any particular position on the waiting list [24 CFR 982.202(c)].

Ineligible for Placement on the Waiting List

OHA Policy

If the OHA can determine from the information provided that a family is ineligible, the family will not be placed on the waiting list. Where a family is determined to be ineligible, the OHA will send written notification of the ineligibility determination within 10 business days of completing the eligibility determination. The notice will specify the reasons for ineligibility, and will inform the family of its right to request an informal review and explain the process for doing so (see Chapter 16).

Eligible for Placement on the Waiting List

OHA Policy

The OHA will provide an e-mail confirming receipt of application with a confirmation number and the date and time of application within 10 business days of receiving a completed application. If applicable, the notice will also indicate the waiting list preference(s) for which the family appears to qualify.

Placement on the waiting list does not indicate that the family is, in fact, eligible for assistance. A final determination of eligibility and qualifications for preference will be made when the family is selected from the waiting list.

Applicants will be placed on the waiting list according to any preference(s) for which they qualify, and the date and time their complete application is received by the OHA.
PART II: MANAGING THE WAITING LIST

4-II.A. OVERVIEW

The PHA must have policies regarding various aspects of organizing and managing the waiting list of applicant families. This includes opening the list to new applicants, closing the list to new applicants, notifying the public of waiting list openings and closings, updating waiting list information, purging the list of families that are no longer interested in or eligible for assistance, as well as conducting outreach to ensure a sufficient number of applicants.

In addition, HUD imposes requirements on how a PHA may structure its waiting list and how families must be treated if they apply for assistance from a PHA that administers more than one assisted housing program.

4-II.B. ORGANIZATION OF THE WAITING LIST [24 CFR 982.204 and 205]

The PHA’s HCV waiting list must be organized in such a manner to allow the PHA to accurately identify and select families for assistance in the proper order, according to the admissions policies described in this plan.

The waiting list must contain the following information for each applicant listed:

- Applicant name and social security number of head of household;
- Family unit size;
- Date and time of application;
- Qualification for any local preference;
- Racial or ethnic designation of the head of household;
- The specific site(s) selected

HUD requires the PHA to maintain a single waiting list for the HCV program unless it serves more than one county or municipality. Such PHAs are permitted, but not required, to maintain a separate waiting list for each county or municipality served.

**OHA Policy**

The OHA will maintain a single waiting list for the HCV program and a separate waiting list for the Project Based Tax Credit units.

HUD directs that a family that applies for assistance from the HCV program must be offered the opportunity to be placed on the waiting list for any public housing, project-based voucher or moderate rehabilitation program the PHA operates if 1) the other programs’ waiting lists are open, and 2) the family is qualified for the other programs.

HUD permits, but does not require, that PHAs maintain a single merged waiting list for their public housing, Section 8, and other subsidized housing programs.

A family’s decision to apply for, receive, or refuse other housing assistance must not affect the family’s placement on the HCV waiting list, or any preferences for which the family may qualify.

**OHA Policy**
The OHA will not merge the HCV waiting list with the waiting list for any other program the OHA operates.

4-II.C. OPENING AND CLOSING THE WAITING LIST [24 CFR 982.206]

Closing the Waiting List

A PHA is permitted to close the waiting list if it has an adequate pool of families to use its available HCV assistance. Alternatively, the PHA may elect to continue to accept applications only from certain categories of families that meet particular preferences or funding criteria.

OHA Policy

The OHA will close the waiting list when the estimated waiting period for housing assistance for applicants on the list reaches 24 months for the most current applicants. Where the OHA has particular preferences or funding criteria that require a specific category of family, the OHA may elect to continue to accept applications from these applicants while closing the waiting list to others.

Reopening the Waiting List

If the waiting list has been closed, it cannot be reopened until the PHA publishes a notice in local newspapers of general circulation, minority media, and other suitable media outlets. The notice must comply with HUD fair housing requirements and must specify who may apply, and where and when applications will be received.

OHA Policy

The OHA will announce the reopening of the waiting list at least 10 business days prior to the date applications will first be accepted. If the list is only being reopened for certain categories of families, this information will be contained in the notice.

The OHA will give public notice by publishing the relevant information in suitable media outlets including, but not limited to:

- Ventura County Star
- Minority Newspapers
- Oxnard City Television Channel
4-II.D. FAMILY OUTREACH [HCV GB, pp. 4-2 to 4-4]

The PHA must conduct outreach as necessary to ensure that the PHA has a sufficient number of applicants on the waiting list to use the HCV resources it has been allotted.

Because HUD requires the OHA to admit a specified percentage of extremely low income families to the program (see Chapter 4, Part III), the PHA may need to conduct special outreach to ensure that an adequate number of such families apply for assistance [HCV GB, p. 4-20 to 4-21].

PHA outreach efforts must comply with fair housing requirements. This includes:

- Analyzing the housing market area and the populations currently being served to identify underserved populations
- Ensuring that outreach efforts are targeted to media outlets that reach eligible populations that are underrepresented in the program
- Avoiding outreach efforts that prefer or exclude people who are members of a protected class

PHA outreach efforts must be designed to inform qualified families about the availability of assistance under the program. These efforts may include, as needed, any of the following activities:

- Submitting press releases to local newspapers, including minority newspapers
- Developing informational materials and flyers to distribute to other agencies
- Providing information regarding the online application process to other public and private agencies that serve the low income population
- Developing partnerships with other organizations that serve similar populations, including agencies that provide services for persons with disabilities

**OHA Policy**

The OHA will monitor the characteristics of the population being served and the characteristics of the population as a whole in the OHA’s jurisdiction. Targeted outreach efforts will be undertaken if a comparison suggests that certain populations are being underserved.
4-II.E. REPORTING CHANGES IN FAMILY CIRCUMSTANCES

OHA Policy

While the family is on the waiting list, the family must report to the OHA, within 10 calendar days, changes in family size or composition, preference status, income or contact information, including current residence, mailing address, and phone number. The changes must be submitted in writing. For addition or deletion of head of household, spouse or co-head, reporting documents must be signed by both parties. Exceptions will be made to comply with VAWA regulations.

4-II.F. UPDATING THE WAITING LIST [24 CFR 982.204]

HUD requires the PHA to establish policies to use when removing applicant names from the waiting list.

Purging the Waiting List

The decision to withdraw an applicant family that includes a person with disabilities from the waiting list is subject to reasonable accommodation. If the applicant did not respond to a PHA request for information or updates, and the OHA determines that the family did not respond because of the family member’s disability, the PHA must reinstate the applicant family to their former position on the waiting list [24 CFR 982.204(c)(2)].

OHA Policy

The waiting list will be purged thru-out the year to ensure that applicants and applicant information is current and timely.

To update the waiting list, the OHA will send an update request via first class mail to the top 10% of families on the waiting list to determine whether the family continues to be interested in, and to qualify for, the program. This update request will be sent to the last address that the OHA has on record for the family. The update request will provide a deadline by which the family must respond and will state that failure to respond will result in the applicant’s name being removed from the waiting list.

The family’s response must be in writing and may be delivered in person or mail. Responses should be received by the OHA not later than 15 calendar days from the date of the OHA letter.

If the family fails to respond within 15 calendar days, the family will be removed from the waiting list without further notice.

If the notice is returned by the post office with no forwarding address, the applicant will be removed from the waiting list without further notice.

If the notice is returned by the post office with a forwarding address, the notice will be re-sent to the address indicated. The family will have 15 calendar days to respond from the date the letter was re-sent.

If a family is removed from the waiting list for failure to respond the OHA will allow a reinstatement grace period of six-months from the date of removal. Families are entitled to reinstatement a maximum of two times.
Removal from the Waiting List

OHA Policy

The OHA will remove applicants from the waiting list if they have requested that their name be removed. In such cases no informal review is required.

If at any time an applicant family is on the waiting list, the OHA determines that the family is not eligible for assistance (see Chapter 3), the family will be removed from the waiting list. If a family is determined not eligible for admission, such family will not qualify for the six-month reinstatement grace period.

If a family is removed from the waiting list because the OHA has determined the family is not eligible for assistance, a notice will be sent to the family’s address of record as well as to any alternate address provided on the initial application. The notice will state the reasons the family was removed from the waiting list and will inform the family how to request an informal review regarding the OHA’s decision (see Chapter 16) [24 CFR 982.201(f)].
PART III: SELECTION FOR HCV ASSISTANCE

4-III.A. OVERVIEW
As vouchers become available, families on the waiting list must be selected for assistance in accordance with the policies described in this part.

The order in which families are selected from the waiting list depends on the selection method chosen by the PHA and is impacted in part by any selection preferences for which the family qualifies. The availability of targeted funding also may affect the order in which families are selected from the waiting list.

The PHA must maintain a clear record of all information required to verify that the family is selected from the waiting list according to the PHA’s selection policies [24 CFR 982.204(b) and 982.207(e)]. The PHA’s policies must be posted any place where the PHA receives applications. The PHA must provide a copy of its tenant selection policies upon request to any applicant or tenant. The PHA may charge the family for providing a copy of its tenant selection policies (24 CFR 960.202(c)(2)).

OHA Policy
When an applicant or resident family requests a copy of the OHA’s tenant selection policies, the OHA will provide copies to them at a reasonable fee per page in accordance with the City Schedule.

4-III.B. SELECTION AND HCV FUNDING SOURCES

Set aside Vouchers
A local preference will be given to applicants that have been referred by the local service agencies partnering with the OHA and providing services to meet a special need, based on the funding availability. All referrals must meet Section 8 guidelines, contingent upon maintaining program eligibility which includes, complying with the servicing agencies specific program requirement. The PHA has the following set aside Voucher preferences:

- **Homelessness Preference** – The PHA has a local preference for homeless families or those at risk of being homeless. The PHA must offer the opportunity to current applicants on the HCV waiting list and who are receiving supportive of services. The eligibility criteria will be determined by local service agencies partnering with the PHA in an effort to address homelessness. The PHA will issue vouchers to the first fifteen (15) referrals received from local service agencies to eligible families. The PHA will maintain a separate waiting list for homeless families and will assist them when a Homeless Set Aside Voucher becomes available, or by time and date of application, whichever occurs first. If the PHA does not have enough applicants on the waiting list who qualify for the preference, the PHA will open its waiting list strictly for families to which the preference applies.

*For the Definition of Homeless, see the Glossary*
• **Family Unification Program (FUP) Preference** – The Family Unification Program is jointly administered by the County of Ventura’s Children and Family Services Division of the Human Services Agency and the Housing Authority. All applicants must be referred by Children and Family Services, and must be receiving services through Children and Family Services Division at the time of application.

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<th>Local Preference Limitations for Set-a-side Vouchers</th>
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<td>Family Unification Program</td>
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**Special Admissions [24 CFR 982.203]**

HUD may award funding for specifically-named families living in specified types of units (e.g., a family that is displaced by demolition of public housing; a non-purchasing family residing in a HOPE 1 or 2 projects). In these cases, the OHA may admit such families whether or not they are on the waiting list, and, if they are on the waiting list, without considering the family’s position on the waiting list. These families are considered non-waiting list selections. The OHA must maintain records showing that such families were admitted with special program funding.

**Targeted Funding [24 CFR 982.204(e)]**

HUD may award a PHA funding for a specified category of families on the waiting list. The PHA must use this funding only to assist the families within the specified category. In order to assist families within a targeted funding category, the OHA may skip families that do not qualify within the targeted funding category. Within this category of families, the order in which such families are assisted is determined according to the policies provided in Section 4-III.C.

**OHA Policy**

The OHA administers the following types of targeted funding:

- **VASH**

**Regular HCV Funding**

Regular HCV funding may be used to assist any eligible family on the waiting list. Families are selected from the waiting list according to the policies provided in Section 4-III.C.
4-III.C. SELECTION METHOD

PHAs must describe the method for selecting applicant families from the waiting list, including the system of admission preferences that the PHA will use [24 CFR 982.202(d)].

Local Preferences [24 CFR 982.207; HCV p. 4-16]

PHAs are permitted to establish local preferences, and to give priority to serving families that meet those criteria. HUD specifically authorizes and places restrictions on certain types of local preferences. HUD also permits the PHA to establish other local preferences, at its discretion. Any local preferences established must be consistent with the PHA plan and the consolidated plan, and must be based on local housing needs and priorities that can be documented by generally accepted data sources.

OHA Policy

The OHA will offer a preference to:

Absolute Preference - Families terminated by OHA from its HCV program due to insufficient program funding. Families terminated by the OHA for this reason will be maintained in a separate waiting list and will be returned to the HCV program at such time as the OHA has funding available for issuance of new vouchers.

The OHA uses the following Local Preferences:

♦ Residency Preference (10 Points)

For families who live, work, or have been hired to work in the municipality area of Oxnard. The head of household, spouse or co-head must work a minimum of 30 hours per week to be considered as working in the jurisdiction of the OHA.

♦ Preferences for Public Housing Residents (10 Points)

The Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher may give a preference to Oxnard Public Housing residents:

- As a reasonable accommodation when no suitable unit is available in the Public Housing Program.

♦ Veteran preference (5 Points)

Veteran preference is for veterans and extended to spouses/surviving spouses of veterans. A veteran with any of the following categories is entitled to “veteran’s preference”. This preference will be applied only once per family.

- Honorable discharge
- General discharge
- Good discharge
- Satisfactory discharge
- Indifferent discharge
- Special order discharge
- Medical discharge

A veteran with any of the following categories is not entitled to “veteran’s preference”:
- Dishonorable discharge
- Bad conduct discharge
- Undesirable discharge
- Dismissal

Any other type of separation other than honorable would not be entitled to a “veteran’s preference.”

Veteran preference will be extended to spouses/surviving spouses and unless deceased must be living with the family or be only temporarily absent unless:

Veteran is permanently absent because of hospitalization, separation or desertion.

- Veteran, formerly the head, is divorced, provided there remains in the family one or more persons for whose support he/she is still legally or morally responsible and provided that the spouse has not remarried.
- The former head of the family is a deceased veteran or serviceman provided the spouse has not remarried.

- **Singles Preference (24 CFR 982.207 (b) (5) (10 Points))**

The OHA has adopted a preference for single persons who are elderly, displaced, homeless, or disabled over other single persons. Applications for other singles may be accepted, although they will be given lower preference than other applicants.

- **Involuntary Displacement (20 Points)**

Families are considered to be involuntarily displaced if they are required to vacate their unit located within the municipality of Oxnard as a result of an improvement or development project to which the Oxnard Housing Authority has ownership interest.

Applications will be accepted for families qualified under this category and the displacement preference will be applied.
Income Targeting Requirement [24 CFR 982.201(b)(2)]

HUD requires that extremely low-income (ELI) families make up at least 75 percent of the families admitted to the HCV program during the PHA’s fiscal year. ELI families are those with annual incomes at or below the federal poverty level or 30 percent of the area median income, whichever number is higher. To ensure this requirement is met, a PHA may skip non-ELI families on the waiting list in order to select an ELI family.

Low income families admitted to the program that are “continuously assisted” under the 1937 Housing Act [24 CFR 982.4(b)], as well as low-income or moderate-income families admitted to the program that are displaced as a result of the prepayment of the mortgage or voluntary termination of an insurance contract on eligible low-income housing, are not counted for income targeting purposes [24 CFR 982.201(b)(2)(v)].

OHA Policy

The OHA will monitor progress in meeting the income targeting requirement throughout the fiscal year. Extremely low-income families will be selected ahead of other eligible families on an as-needed basis to ensure the income targeting requirement is met.
Order of Selection

The OHA system of preferences may select families based on local preferences according to the date and time of application or by a random selection process (lottery) [24 CFR 982.207(c)]. If a PHA does not have enough funding to assist the family at the top of the waiting list, it is not permitted to skip down the waiting list to a family that it can afford to subsidize when there are not sufficient funds to subsidize the family at the top of the waiting list [24 CFR 982.204(d) and (e)].

OHA Policy

Families will be selected from the waiting list based on the targeted funding or selection preference(s) for which they qualify, and in accordance with the OHA’s hierarchy of preferences, if applicable. Within each targeted funding or preference category, families will be selected on a first-come, first-served basis according to the date and time their complete application is received by the OHA. Documentation will be maintained by the OHA as to whether families on the list qualify for and are interested in targeted funding. If a higher placed family on the waiting list is not qualified or not interested in targeted funding, there will be a notation maintained so that the OHA does not have to ask higher placed families each time targeted selections are made.
4-III.D. NOTIFICATION OF SELECTION

When a family has been selected from the waiting list, the PHA must notify the family. [24 CFR 982.554(a)].

OHA Policy

The OHA will notify the family by first class mail when it is selected from the waiting list. The notice will inform the family of the following:

- Date, time, and location of the scheduled application interview, including any procedures for rescheduling the interview
- Who is required to attend the interview
- All documents that must be provided at the interview, including information about what constitutes acceptable documentation

If a notification letter is returned to the OHA with no forwarding address, the family will be removed from the waiting list. A notice of denial (see Chapter 3) will be sent to the family’s address of record, as well as to any known alternate address.

4-III.E. THE APPLICATION INTERVIEW

HUD recommends that the OHA obtain the information and documentation needed to make an eligibility determination though a face-to-face interview with a OHA representative [HCV GB, pg. 4-16]. Being invited to attend an interview does not constitute admission to the program.

Assistance cannot be provided to the family until all SSN documentation requirements are met. However, if the PHA determines that an applicant family is otherwise eligible to participate in the program, the family may retain its place on the waiting list for a period of time determined by the PHA [Notice PIH 2010-3].

Reasonable accommodation must be made for persons with disabilities who are unable to attend an interview due to their disability.

OHA Policy

Families selected from the waiting list are required to participate in an eligibility interview.

The head of household and the spouse/co-head and all adult family members are required to attend the interview together. Full time student member(s) of the households attending school more than 50-miles outside of the OHA’s jurisdiction may be exempted from this requirement. Verification of information pertaining to adult members of the household not present at the interview will not begin until signed release forms are returned to the OHA.

The head of household or spouse/co-head must provide acceptable documentation of legal identity. (Chapter 7 provides a discussion of proper documentation of legal identity). If the family representative does not provide the required documentation at the time of the interview, he or she will be required to provide it within 10 calendar days.
Pending disclosure and documentation of social security numbers, the OHA will allow the family to retain its place on the waiting list for 90 calendar days. If not all household members have disclosed their SSNs at the next time the OHA is issuing vouchers, the OHA will issue a voucher to the next eligible applicant family on the waiting list.

The family must provide the information necessary to establish the family’s eligibility and determine the appropriate level of assistance, as well as completing required forms, providing required signatures, and submitting required documentation. If any materials are missing, the OHA will provide the family with a written list of items that must be submitted.

Any required documents or information that the family is unable to provide at the interview must be provided within 10 calendar days of the interview (Chapter 7 provides details about longer submission deadlines for particular items, including documentation of eligible noncitizen status). If the family is unable to obtain the information or materials within the required time frame, the family may request an extension. If the required documents and information are not provided within the required time frame, (plus any extensions) the family will be sent a notice of denial (See Chapter 3).

An adult advocate, interpreter, or other assistant may assist the family with the application and the interview process. The OHA may permit a family member or friend age 16 or older to assist the family with the family’s application and interview services, upon the family’s request.

Interviews will be conducted in English. For limited English proficient (LEP) applicants, the OHA will provide translation services in accordance with the OHA’s LEP plan.

If the family is unable to attend a scheduled interview, the family should contact the OHA in advance of the interview to schedule a new appointment. In all circumstances, if a family does not attend a scheduled interview, the OHA will send another notification letter with a new interview appointment time. Applicants who fail to attend two scheduled interviews without OHA approval will be denied assistance based on the family’s failure to supply information needed to determine eligibility. A notice of denial will be issued in accordance with policies contained in Chapter 3.
4-III.F. COMPLETING THE APPLICATION PROCESS

The OHA must verify all information provided by the family (see Chapter 7). Based on verified information, the PHA must make a final determination of eligibility (see Chapter 3) and must confirm that the family qualified for any special admission, targeted funding admission, or selection preference that affected the order in which the family was selected from the waiting list.

**OHA Policy**

If the OHA determines that the family is ineligible, the OHA will send written notification of the ineligibility determination within 10 business days of the determination. The notice will specify the reasons for ineligibility, and will inform the family of its right to request an informal review (Chapter 16).

If a family is determined not eligible for admission, such family will not qualify for the six month reinstatement grace period.

If a family fails to qualify for any criteria that affected the order in which it was selected from the waiting list (e.g. targeted funding, extremely low-income), the family will be returned to its original position on the waiting list. The OHA will notify the family in writing that it has been returned to the waiting list, and will specify the reasons for it.

If the OHA determines that the family is eligible to receive assistance, the OHA will invite the family to attend a briefing in accordance with the policies in Chapter 5.

4-III.G. LOW PRIORITY NOTIFICATIONS

Applicants who do not meet the residency preference will be provided written notification that their application has been placed on Low Priority Status. Such applicants will be required to notify the OHA in writing at least every six months of their continued interest in remaining on the list. Applicants who fail to maintain the six month reporting requirement will be removed from the waiting list without further notice.